

## **CORNERWAYS SURGERY**

### **FAIR PROCESSING NOTICE (PRIVACY NOTICE)**

#### **Your Personal Information – what you need to know**

##### **Your information, what you need to know**

This privacy notice explains why we collect information about you, how that information will be used, how we keep it safe and confidential and what your rights are in relation to this.

##### **Why we collect information about you**

Health care professionals who provide you with care are required by law to maintain records about your health and any treatment or care you have received. These records help to provide you with the best possible healthcare and help us to protect your safety.

We collect and hold data for the purpose of providing healthcare services to our patients and running our organisation which includes monitoring the quality of care that we provide. In carrying out this role we will collect information about you which helps us respond to your queries or secure specialist services. We will keep your information in written form and/or in digital form.

##### **Our commitment to Data Privacy and Confidentiality Issues**

As a GP practice, all of our GPs, staff and associated practitioners are committed to protecting your privacy and will only process data in accordance with the Data Protection Legislation. This includes the General Data Protection Regulation (EU) 2016/679 (GDPR), now known as the UK GDPR, the Data Protection Act (DPA) 2018, the Law Enforcement Directive (Directive (EU) 2016/680) (LED) and any applicable national laws implementing them as amended from time to time. The legislation requires us to process personal data only if there is a legitimate basis for doing so and that any processing must be fair and lawful.

In addition, consideration will also be given to all applicable Law concerning privacy, confidentiality, the processing and sharing of personal data including the Human Rights Act 1998, the Health and Social Care Act 2012 as amended by the Health and Social Care (Safety and Quality) Act 2015, the common law duty of confidentiality and the Privacy and Electronic Communication (EC Directive) Regulations.

##### **Data we collect about you**

Records which this GP Practice will hold or share about you will include the following:

- Personal Data – means any information relating to an identified or identifiable natural person (“data subject”); an identifiable natural person is one who can be identified, directly or indirectly, in particular by reference to an identifier such as a name, an identification number, location data, an online identifier or to one or more factors specific to the physical, physiological, genetic, mental, economic, cultural or social identity of that natural person.
- Special Categories of Personal Data – this term describes personal data revealing racial or ethnic origin, political opinions, religious or philosophical beliefs, or trade union

membership, and the processing of genetic data, biometric data for the purpose of uniquely identifying a natural person, data concerning health or data concerning a natural person's sex life or sexual orientation.

- Confidential Patient Information – this term describes information or data relating to their health and other matters disclosed to another (eg. patient to clinician) in circumstances where it is reasonable to expect that the information will be held in confidence. Including both information 'given in confidence' and 'that which is owed a duty of confidence'. As described in the Confidentiality: NHS code of Practice: Department of Health guidance on confidentiality 2003.
- Pseudonymised – The process of distinguishing individuals in a dataset by using a unique identifier which does not reveal their 'real world' identity.
- Anonymised – Data in a form that does not identify individuals and where identification through its combination with other data is not likely to take place.
- Aggregated – Statistical data about several individuals that has been combined to show general trends or values without identifying individuals within the data.

### **How we use your information**

Improvements in information technology are also making it possible for us to share data with other healthcare organisations for the purpose of providing you, your family and your community with better care. For example, it is possible for healthcare professionals in other services to access your record with your permission when the practice is closed. Where your record is accessed without your permission it is necessary for them to have a legitimate basis in law. This is explained further in the Local Information Sharing at Appendix A.

Whenever you use a health or care service, such as attending Accident & Emergency or using Community Care services, important information about you is collected in a patient record for that service. Collecting this information helps to ensure you get the best possible care and treatment.

The information collected about you when you use these services can also be used and provided to other organisations for purposes beyond your individual care, for instance to help with:

- Improving the quality and standards of care provided
- Research into the development of new treatments
- Preventing illness and diseases
- Monitoring safety
- Planning services
- Risk stratification
- Population Health Management

This may only take place when there is a clear legal basis to use this information. All these uses help to provide better health and care for you, your family and future generations. Confidential patient information about your health and care is only used like this where allowed by law.

Pseudonymised or anonymised data is generally used for research and planning so that you cannot be identified.

**A full list of details including the legal basis any Data Processor Involvement and the purposes for processing information can be found in Appendix A.**

### **How long do we hold information for?**

All records held by the Practice will be kept for the duration specified by national guidelines from NHS Digital, Health and Social Care Records Code of Practice. Once information that we hold has been identified for destruction it will be disposed of in the most appropriate way for the type of information it is. Personal confidential and commercially confidential information will be disposed of by approved and secure confidential waste procedures. We keep a record of retention schedules within our Information Asset Registers, in line with the Records Management Code of Practice for Health and Social Care 2016.

### **Individuals Rights under GFPR**

Under GDPR 2016 the Law provides the following rights for individuals. The NHS upholds these rights in a number of ways.

1. The right to be informed
2. The right of access
3. The right to rectification
4. The right to erasure (not an absolute right) only applies in certain circumstances
5. The right to restrict processing
6. The right to portability
7. The right to object
8. Rights in relation to automated decision making and profiling

### **Your right to opt out of data sharing and processing**

The NHS Constitution states 'You have a right to request that your personal and confidential information is not used beyond your own care and treatment and to have your objections considered'.

#### **Type 1 Opt Out**

This is an objection that prevents an individual's personal confidential information from being shared outside of their general practice except when it is being used for the purposes of direct care, or in particular circumstances required by law, such as a public health emergency like an outbreak of a pandemic disease. If you wish to apply a Type 1 Opt Out to their record they should make their wishes known to the Practice Manager.

#### **National data opt-out**

The national data opt-out was introduced on 25<sup>th</sup> May 2018, enabling patients to opt-out from the use of their data for research or planning purposes, in line with the recommendations of the National Data Guardian in her Review of Data Security, Consent and Opt-Outs.

The national data opt-out replaces the previous "type 2" opt-out, which required NHS Digital to use a patient's confidential patient information for purposes beyond their individual care. Any patient that had a type 2 opt-out recorded on or before 11<sup>th</sup> October 2018 has had it automatically

converted to a national data opt-out. Those aged 13 or over were sent a letter giving them more information and a leaflet explaining the national data opt-out. For more information go to [National data opt out programme](#).

To find out more or to register your choice to opt out, please visit [www.nhs.uk/your-nhs-data-matters](http://www.nhs.uk/your-nhs-data-matters)

On this web page you will:

- See what is meant by confidential patient information
- Find examples of when confidential patient information is used for individual care and examples of when it is used for purposes beyond individual care
- Find out more about the benefits of sharing data
- Understand more about who uses the data
- Find out how your data is protected
- Be able to access the system to view, set or change your opt-out setting
- Find the contact telephone number if you want to know any more or to set/change your opt-out by phone
- See the situations where the opt out will not apply

### **Summary Care Records (SCR) Opt Out**

All patients registered with a GP have a Summary Care Record, unless they have chosen not to have one. The information held in your Summary Care Record gives health and care professionals, away from your usual GP practice, access to information to provide you with safer care, reduce the risk of prescribing errors and improve your patient experience. Your Summary Care Record contains basic information about allergies and medications and any reactions that you have had to medication in the past. The only people who might see your Summary Care Record are registered and regulated healthcare professionals, for example doctors, nurses, paramedics, pharmacists and staff working under their direct supervision. Your Summary Care Record will only be accessed so a healthcare professional can give you individual care. The purpose of the SCR is to improve the care that you receive, however, if you don't want to have an SCR you have the option to opt out. If this is your preference please inform your GP or fill in an SCR opt-out form - <https://digital.nhs.uk/services/summary-care-records-scr/summary-care-records-scr-information-for-patients> and return it to your GP practice

### **Right of Access to your information (Subject Access Request)**

Under Data Protection Legislation everybody has the right of access to, or request a copy of information we hold that can identify you, this includes your medical record. There are some safeguards regarding what you will have access to and you may find information has been redacted or removed for the following reasons:

- It may be deemed to risk causing harm to the patient or others
- The information within the record may relate to third parties who are entitled to their confidentiality, or who have not given their permission for the information to be shared.

Patients do not need to give a reason to see their data. Requests can be made verbally or in writing. Although we may ask them to complete a form in order that we can ensure that you have the correct information required.

Where multiple copies of the same information is requested, the surgery may charge a reasonable fee for the extra copies.

Patients will need to provide proof of identity to receive this information.

If you would like to access your GP record please make enquires at the surgery.

### **COVID Passport access**

Patients may access their Covid passport via the NHS App. The practice cannot assist with this as it is not held in the practice record. If you have any issues gaining access to your Covid Passport or letter you should call 119.

### **Change of Details**

It is important that you tell the surgery if any of your contact details such as your name or address have changed, or if any of your other contact details are incorrect including third party emergency contact details. It is important that we are made aware of any changes immediately in order that no information is shared in error.

### **Mobile telephone numbers**

If you provide us with your mobile phone number, we will use this to send you text reminders about your appointments or other health screening information. Please let us know if you do not wish to receive text reminders on your mobile.

### **Email address**

Where you have provided us with your email address, with your consent we will use this to send you information relating to your health and the services we provide. If you do not wish to receive communications by email please let us know.

### **Notification**

Data Protection Legislation requires organisations to register a notification with the Information Commissioner to describe the purposes for which they process personal and sensitive information

We are registered as a Data Controller and our registration can be viewed online in the public register at [http://ico.org.uk/what\\_we\\_cover/register\\_of\\_data\\_controllers](http://ico.org.uk/what_we_cover/register_of_data_controllers)

Any changes to this notice will be published on our website and in a prominent area at the Practice.

### **Data Protection Officer**

Should you have any data protection questions or concerns, please contact our Data Protection Officer via the surgery

## **What is the right to know?**

The Freedom of Information Act 2000 (FOIA) gives people a general right of access to information held by or on behalf of public authorities, promoting a culture of openness and accountability across the public sector. You can request any non personal information that the GP Practice holds, that does not fall under an exemption. You may not ask for information that is covered by the Data Protection Legislation under FOIA. However, you can request this under a right of access request – see section above ‘Access to your information’.

## **Right to complain**

If you have concerns or are unhappy about any of our services, please contact the Practice Manager.

For independent advice about data protection, privacy and data-sharing issues, you can contact:

The Information Commissioner  
Wycliffe House  
Water Lane  
Wilmslow  
Cheshire  
SK9 5AF

Phone 0303 123 1113 – Website: <https://ico.org.uk/global/contact-us>

## **The NHS Care Record Guarantee**

The NHS Care Record Guarantee for England sets out the rules that govern how patient information is used in the NHS, what control the patient can have over this, the rights individuals have to request copies of their data and how data is protected under Data Protection Legislation.

<http://systems.digital.nhs.uk/infogov/links/nhscrg.pdf>

## **The NHS Constitution**

The NHS Constitution establishes the principles and values of the NHS in England. It sets out the rights patients, the public, and staff are entitled to. These rights cover how patients access health services, the quality of care you’ll receive, the treatments and programme available to you, confidentiality, information and your right to complain if things go wrong.

<https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/the-nhs-constitution-for-england>

Appendix A – The Practice will share your information with these organisations where there is a legal basis to do so.

Activity	Rationale
Commissioning and contractual purposes Invoice Validation Planning Quality and Performance	<p>Purpose – Anonymous data is used by the CCG for planning and commissioning purposes as directed in the practice contract to provide services as a public authority.</p> <p>Legal Basis – UK GDPR 6 1(b) Contractual obligation as set out in the Health and Social Care Act for Quality and Safety 2015</p> <p>Processor – West Sussex CCG</p>
Summary Care Record	<p>Purpose – The NHS in England uses a national electronic record called the Summary Care Record (SCR) to support patient care. It contains key information from your GP record. Your SCR provides authorised healthcare staff with faster, secure access to essential information about you in an emergency or when you need unplanned care, where such information would otherwise be unavailable.</p> <p>Legal Basis – Direct Care under UK GDPR:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Article 6(1)(e) “...necessary for the performance of a task carried out in the public interest or in the exercise of official authority ...” and</li> <li>• Article 9(2)(h) “...necessary for the purposes of preventative or occupational medicine”</li> </ul> <p>The relevant COPI notice states that its purpose “... is to require organisations to process confidential patient information for the purposes set out in Regulation 3(1) of COPI to support the Secretary of State’s response to Covid-19 (Covid-19 Purpose). “Processing” for these purposes is defined in Regulation 3(2) and includes dissemination of confidential patient information to persons and organisations permitted to process confidential patient information under Regulation 3(3) of COPI”</p> <p>Full details of the Summary Care Record supplementary privacy notice can be found at <a href="https://digital.nhs.uk/services/summary-care-records-scr/scr-coronavirus-covid-19-supplementary-privacy-notice">https://digital.nhs.uk/services/summary-care-records-scr/scr-coronavirus-covid-19-supplementary-privacy-notice</a></p> <p>Patients have the right to opt out of having their information shared with the SCR by completion of</p>

	<p>the form which can be found at <a href="https://digital.nhs.uk/services/summary-care-records-scr/scr-patient-consent-preferences-form">https://digital.nhs.uk/services/summary-care-records-scr/scr-patient-consent-preferences-form</a> and returned to the practice. Please note that by opting out of having your information shared with the Summary Care Record could result in a delay care that may be returned in an emergency.</p> <p>Processor – NHS England and NHS Digital</p>
<p>Research</p>	<p>Purpose – we may share anonymous patient information with research companies for the purpose of exploring new ways or providing healthcare and treatment for patients with certain conditions. This data will not be used for any other purpose.</p> <p>Where personal confidential data is shared your consent will need to be sought.</p> <p>Where you have opted out of having your identifiable information shared for this Planning or Research your information will not be shared.</p> <p>Legal Basis – consent is not required to share anonymous data that does not identify a patient.</p> <p>Where identifiable data is required for research, patient consent will be needed, unless there is a legitimate reason under law to do so or there is support under the Health Service (Control of Patient Information Regulations) 2002 ('section 251 support') applying via the Confidentiality Advisory Group in England and Wales.</p> <p>Processor – Clinical Practice Research Data Link Group (CPRD)</p>
<p>Safeguarding Adults</p>	<p>Purpose – We will share personal confidential information with the safeguarding team where there is a need to assess and evaluate any safeguarding concerns.</p> <p>Legal Basis – in some cases consent will be required otherwise</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Article 6(1)(e) "...necessary for the performance of a task carried out in the public interest or in the exercise of official authority..." and</li> <li>• Article 9(2)(h) "necessary for the purposes of preventative or occupational medicine"</li> </ul> <p>Data Processor – West Sussex Safeguarding Team</p>

<p>Safeguarding Children</p>	<p>Purpose – We will share childrens’ personal information where there is a need to assess and evaluate any safeguarding concerns.</p> <p>Legal Basis – In some cases consent will be required otherwise</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Article 6(1)(e) “...necessary for the performance of a task carried out in the public interest or in the exercise of official authority...” and</li> <li>• Article 9(2)(h) “necessary for the purposes of preventative or occupational medicine</li> </ul> <p>Data Processor – West Sussex Safeguarding Team</p>
<p>Public Health  Screening programmes (identifiable)  Notifiable disease information (identifiable)  Smoking Cessation (anonymous)  Sexual Health (anonymous)</p>	<p>Purpose – Personal identifiable and anonymous data is shared). The NHS provides national screening programmes so that certain diseases can be detected at an early stage. These currently apply to bowel cancer, breast cancer, aortic aneurysms and diabetic retinal screening service. The law allows us to share your contact information with Public Health England so that you can be invited to the relevant screening programme.</p> <p>More information can be found at <a href="https://www.gov.uk/topic/population-screeningprogrammes">https://www.gov.uk/topic/population-screeningprogrammes</a></p> <p>Legal Basis – Article 6(1)(e); “necessary ... in the exercise of official authority vested in the controller’  And Article 9(2)(h) as stated below</p> <p>Data Processor – Public Health England</p>
<p>Direct Care  NHS Trusts  Other Care Providers</p>	<p>Purpose – Personal information is shared with other secondary care trusts in order to provide you with direct care services. This could be hospitals or community providers for a range of services, including treatments, operations, physio and community nursing, ambulance service.</p> <p>Legal Basis – The processing of personal data in the delivery of direct care and for providers’ administrative purposes in this surgery and in support of direct care elsewhere is supported under the following Article 6 1(e) and 9 2 (h) to provide health or social care: In some cases patients may be required to consent to having their record opened by the third party provider before patients information is accessed. Where there is an overriding need to access the GP record in order to provide patients with life saving care, their consent will not be required.</p> <p>Processors – Western Sussex Hospitals NHS Trust, Sussex Community Partnership Trust</p>

Care Quality Commission	<p>Purpose – The CQC is the regulator for the English Health and Social Care services to ensure that safe care is provided. They will inspect and produce reports back to the GP practice on a regular basis. The Law allows the CQC to access identifiable data.</p> <p>Legal Basis – Article 6(1)(c) “processing is necessary for compliance with a legal obligation to which the controller is subject.” And Article 9(2)(h) as stated below</p> <p>Processors – Care Quality Commission</p>
Payments, Invoice validation	<p>Purpose – Contract holding GPs in the UK receive payments from their respective governments on a tiered basis. Most of the income is derived from baseline capitation payments made according to the number of patients registered with the practice on quarterly payment days. These amounts paid per patient per quarter varies according to the age, sex and other demographic details for each patient. There are also graduated payments made according to the practice’s achievement of certain agreed national quality targets known as the Quality and Outcomes Framework (QOF), for instance the proportion of diabetic patients who have had an annual review. Practices can also receive payments for participating in agreed national or local enhanced services, for instance, opening early in the morning or late at night or at the weekends. Practices can also receive payments for certain national initiatives such as immunisation programmes and practices may also receive incomes relating to a variety of non patient related elements such as premises. Finally there are short term initiatives and projects that practices can take part in. Practices or GPs may also receive income for participating in the education of medical students, junior doctors and GPs themselves as well as in research. In order to make patient based payments basic and relevant necessary data about you needs to be sent to the various payment services. The release of this data is required by English laws.</p> <p>Legal Basis – Article 6(1)(c) “processing is necessary for compliance with a legal obligation to which the controller is subject.” And Article 9(2)(h) ‘as stated below</p> <p>Data Processor – NHS England, CCG, Public Health</p>
Patient Record data base	<p>Purpose – Your medical record will be processed in order that a data base can be maintained, this is managed in a secure way and there are robust processes in place to ensure your medical record is</p>

	<p>kept accurate and up to date. Your record will follow you as you change surgeries throughout your life. Closed records will be archived by NHS England.</p> <p>Legal Basis – Article 6(1)(e) “necessary ... in the exercise of official authority vested in the controller’ And Article 9(2)(h) as stated below.</p> <p>Processor – Emis and PCSE</p>
<p>Medical Reports Subject Access Requests</p>	<p>Purpose – Your medical record may be shared in order that solicitors acting on your behalf can conduct certain actions as instructed by you. Insurance companies seeking a medical report where you have applied for services offered by them can have a copy of your medical history for a specific purpose</p> <p>Legal Basis – your explicit consent will be required before a GP can share your record for either of these purposes.</p> <p>Processor – Insurance Companies, Solicitors</p>
<p>Medicines Management Team</p>	<p>Purpose – your medical record is shared with the medicines management team, in order that your medication can be kept up to date and any changes can be implemented.</p> <p>Legal Basis – Article 6(1)(e); “necessary... in the exercise of official authority vested in the controller’ And Article 9(2)(h) as stated below.</p> <p>Processor – Clinical Commissioning Group (CCG)</p>
<p>GP Federation (Cissbury Integrated Care PCN) GP Extended Access</p>	<p>Purpose – Your medical record will be shared with the GP Federation in order that they can provide direct care services to the patient population. This could be in the form of video consultation, minor injuries clinics, GP extended access clinics.</p> <p>Legal Basis – Article 6(1)(e); “necessary... in the exercise of official authority vested in the controller’ And Article 9(2)(h) as stated below</p> <p>Processor – Cissbury Integrated Care</p>
<p>Cissbury Integrated Care PCN (CIC)</p>	<p>Purpose – Your medical record will be shared with other practices in CIC in order that they can provide direct care services to the patient population</p> <p>Legal Basis – Article 6(1)(e) “necessary ...in the exercise of official authority vested in the controller” and Article 9(2)(h) Health data as stated below</p> <p>Processor – Strand Medical Practice, Worthing Medical Group and Selden Medical Centre</p>
<p>Smoking Cessation</p>	<p>Purpose – personal information is shared in order for the smoking cessation service to be provided</p>

	<p>Only those patients who wish to be party to this service will have their data shared</p> <p>Legal Basis – consented</p> <p>Processor – Public Health West Sussex</p>
Social Prescribers	<p>Purpose – Access to medical records is provided to social prescribers to undertake a full service to patients dependant on their social care needs. Only those patients who wish to be party to this service will have their data shared.</p> <p>Legal Basis – consented</p> <p>Processor – Going Local – Adur and Worthing</p>
Police	<p>Purpose – Personal confidential information may be shared with the Police authority for certain purposes. The level of sharing and purpose for sharing may vary. Where is a legal basis for this information to be shared, no consent will be required. The Police will require the correct documentation in order to make a request. This could be but not limited to DS2, Court order, s137, the prevention and detection of a crime. In some cases, consent may be required.</p> <p>Legal Basis – GDPR – Article 6 1 (f) legitimate interest 6 1 (c) Legal Obligation. Article 9 2(f) requests for legal reasons</p> <p>Processor – Police Constabulary</p>
Coroner	<p>Purpose – Personal information relating to a patient may be shared with the coroner upon request</p> <p>Legal Basis – UK GDPR Article 6 1 (c) Legal Obligation 9 2 (h) Health data</p> <p>Processor – the Coroner</p>
Private Healthcare Provider	<p>Purpose – Personal information shared with private health care providers in order to deliver direct care to patients at the patient’s request. Consent from the patient will be required to share data with Private Providers.</p> <p>Legal Basis – Consented and under contract between patient and the provider</p> <p>Processor – Private Healthcare Provider</p>
Texting Service	<p>Purpose – Personal identifiable information shared with the texting service in order that text messages including appointment reminders, campaign messages related to specific patients health needs and direct messages to patients.</p> <p>Legal basis – GDPR Article 6 1 (b) contract, Article 6 1 (e) Public task, Article 9 2 (h)</p>

	Provider - Accurx
Remote consultation including video consultation, clinical photography	<p>Purpose – Personal information including images may be processed, stored and with the patient’s consent shared, in order to provide the patient with urgent medical advice during the COVID-19 pandemic.</p> <p>Legal Basis – Article 6(1)(e) “necessary ... in the exercise of official authority vested in the controller” and Article 9(2)(h) Health data as stated below</p> <p>Patients will be asked to provide consent if required to provide photographs of certain areas of concern. There are restrictions on what the practice can accept photographs of. No photographs of the full face, no intimate areas, no pictures of patients who cannot consent to the process. No pictures of children.</p> <p>Processor – e-Consult, Accurx</p>
MDT meetings	<p>Purpose – For some long term conditions, such as diabetes, the practice participates in meetings with staff from other agencies involved in providing care to help plan the best way to provide care to patients with these conditions. During COVID-19 the practice may use secure video meeting platforms to discuss patient needs.</p> <p>Legal Basis – Article 6(1)(e) “necessary...in the exercise of official authority vested in the controller” and Article 9(2)(h) Health data as stated below</p> <p>Processor – MS Teams</p>
COVID-19 Research and Planning	<p>Purpose – To enable research and planning during the COVID-19 pandemic, the collection of personal confidential data has been necessary regarding the diagnosis, testing, self-isolating, fitness to work, treatment medical and social interventions and recovery from Covid-19.</p> <p>Legal Basis – Notice under Regulations 3(4) of the Health Service (Control of Patient Information) Regulations 2002 (COPI) which were made under sections 60 (now section 251 of the NHS Act 2006) and 64 of the Health and Social Care Act 2001. Data will only be extracted for those patients who have consented.</p> <p>Provider – Biobank, NHS Digital, NHS England</p>

<p>NHS-111 COVID-19 Triage response</p>	<p>Purpose – in order for NHS 111 to triage patient calls with queries regarding Covid-19 during practice closures or times of pressure on the system, enabling the robust process for patients, potentially suffering with Covid-19, to be triaged and treated in the most effective and appropriate way.</p> <p>Legal Basis – The Secretary of State for Health and Social Care has issued NHS Digital with a Notice under Control of Patient Information Regulations (COPI). This allows NHS Digital to share patient information with organisations entitled to process this under COPI for COVID-19 purposes. This means that for GP Connect, NHSD are creating a single ‘National Sharing Agreement’ on the Spine that contains all GP practices in England.</p> <p>Patients can opt out of their information being shared with GP Connect by contacting their GP practice and requesting a Type 1 Opt Out. Please note that opting out of having information shared may delay or impair the ability for urgent treatment.</p> <p>Processor – NHS Digital, NHS 111 via GP Connect</p>
<p>Covid-19 Mass Vaccination Programme</p>	<p><b>Purpose</b> – The Practice will share a minimum of patients personal confidential data in order to book, record and recall patients for their Covid-19 vaccination. It is essential that all patients are offered the vaccine in the interests of Public Health. Patients cannot opt out of the recall system.</p> <p>Legal Basis – While this activity is covered under the COPI regulations, it is also for direct care, and Public interest. All UK GDPR legal basis applicable are listed below.</p> <p>Health care providers’ lawful basis for processing patient data using accuRX services is expected to be: Article 6(1)(e) – “.. exercise of official authority...”</p> <p>And their processing of special categories (health) data using accuRX services, the conditions are expected to be:  9(2)(h) – “...health or social care...” and  9(2)(i) – “ ...public health purposes...”</p> <p>For processing special categories (ethnicity) data using accuRX services, the conditions are expected to be:  9(2)(h) – “...health or social care...” and  9(2)(b) – “...social protection law...” (for monitoring equality of access)</p>

	Processors: IPC, AccuRX, other GP practices within the Network, other providers assisting with the Mass Vaccination Roll out
<p>General Practice Extraction Service (GPES)</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. At risk patients data collection Version 3</li> <li>2. Covid-19 Planning and Research data</li> <li>3. CVDPREVENT Audit</li> <li>4. Physical Health Checks for people with Severe Mental Illness</li> </ol>	<p><b>Purpose</b> – GP practices are required by law to provide data extraction of their patients personal confidential information for various purposes by NHS Digital. The objective of this data collection is on an ongoing basis to identify patients registered at General Practices who fit within a certain criteria, in order to monitor and either provide direct care, or prevent serious harm to those patients. Below is a list of the purposes for the data extraction, by using the link you can find out the detail behind each data extraction and how your information will be used to inform this essential work:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. <a href="#">At risk patients including severely clinically vulnerable</a></li> <li>2. <a href="#">Covid-19 Planning and Research data, to control and prevent the risk of Covid-19</a></li> <li>3. <a href="#">NHS England has directed NHS Digital to collect and analyse data in connection with Cardiovascular Disease Prevention Audit</a></li> <li>4. <a href="#">GPES Physical Health Checks for people with Severe Mental Illness (PHSMI) data collection.</a></li> </ol> <p><b>Legal Basis</b> - All GP Practices in England are legally required to share data with NHS Digital for this purpose under section 259(1)(a) and (5) of the 2012 Act</p> <p>Further detailed legal basis can be found within in each link.</p> <p>Any objections to this data collection should be made directly to NHS Digital. <a href="mailto:enquiries@nhsdigital.nhs.uk">enquiries@nhsdigital.nhs.uk</a></p> <p><b>Processor</b> – NHS Digital or NHS X</p>
Medication/Prescribing	<p><b>Purpose</b> – Prescriptions containing personal identifiable and health data will be shared with chemists/pharmacies, in order to provide patients with essential medication or treatment as their health needs dictate. This process is achieved either by face to face contact with the patient or</p>

	<p>electronically. Where patients have specified a nominated pharmacy they may wish their repeat or acute prescriptions to be ordered and sent directly to the pharmacy making a more efficient process. Arrangements can also be made with the pharmacy to deliver medication.</p> <p>Legal basis – Article 6(1)(e) “necessary... in the exercise of official authority vested in the controller” and Article 9(2)(h) Health data as stated below</p> <p>Patients will be required to nominate a preferred pharmacy.</p> <p>Processor – Pharmacy of choice</p>
<p>Risk Stratification – Preventative Care</p>	<p><b>Purpose</b> – ‘Risk stratification for case finding’ is a process for identifying and managing patients who have or may be at risk of health conditions (such as diabetes) or who are most likely to need healthcare services (such as people with frailty). Risk stratification tools used in the NHS help determine a person’s risk of suffering a particular condition and enable us to focus on preventing ill health before it develops.</p> <p>Information about you is collected from a number of sources including NHS Trusts, GP Federations and your GP Practice. A risk score is then arrived at through an analysis of your de-identified information. This can help us identify and offer you additional services to improve your health.</p> <p>If you do not wish information about you to be included in any risk stratification programmes, please let us know. We can add a code to your records that will stop your information from being used for this purpose. Please be aware that this may limit the ability of healthcare professionals to identify if you have or are at risk of developing certain serious health conditions.</p> <p>Type of Data – Identifiable/Pseudonymised/Anonymised/Aggregate Data</p> <p><b>Legal Basis</b></p> <p>UK GDPR Art. 6(1)(e) and Art.9(2)(h) – The use of identifiable data by CCGs and GPs for risk stratification has been approved by the Secretary of State, through the Confidentiality Advisory Group of</p>

	<p>the Health Research Authority (approval reference (CAG 7-04)(a)/2013)) and this approval has been extended to the end of September 2022 NHS England Risk Stratification which gives us a statutory legal basis under Section 251 of the NHS Act 2006 to process data for risk stratification purposes which sets aside the duty of confidentiality. We are committed to conducting risk stratification effectively, in ways that are consistent with the laws that protect your confidentiality.</p> <p><b>Processors</b> – Identify Agency</p>
<p>Shared Care Record</p>	<p>Purpose - In order for the practice to have access to a shared record, the Integrated Care Service has commissioned a number of systems including GP connect, which is managed by NHS Digital, to enable a shared care record, which will assist in patient information to be used for a number of care related services. These may include Population Health Management, Direct Care, and analytics to assist with planning services for the use of the local health population.</p> <p>Where data is used for secondary uses, no personal identifiable data will be used.</p> <p>Where personal confidential data is used for Research, explicit consent will be required.</p> <p>Legal basis – Article 6(1)(e) “necessary...in the exercise of official authority vested in the controller” and Article 9(2)(h) Health data as stated below</p> <p>Processor: Plexus, NHS Digital, ESHT, ICS member providers</p>

### Reviews of and Changes to our Privacy Notice

We will keep our Privacy Notice under regular review. This notice was last reviewed in May 2022.

### Lawful basis for processing

The processing of personal data in the delivery of direct care and for providers’ administrative purposes in this surgery and in support of direct care elsewhere is supported under the following Article 6 and 9 conditions of the GDPR.

- Article 6(1)(e) “... necessary for the performance of a task carried out in the public interest or in the exercise of official authority ...”, and
- Article 9(2)(h) ‘..necessary for the purposes of preventative or occupational medicine for the assessment of the working capacity of the employee, medical diagnosis, the provision of health or social care or treatment or the management of health or social care systems and services